Deaths of black men, boys have occurred across nation

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Several recent killings of black men or boys by police officers across the nation and grand juries' decisions not to indict some of the officers have angered many people, especially in minority communities, and have spurred sometimes violent demonstrations.

Here's a look at killings by police that protesters have cited as examples of an epidemic of police brutality and heavy-handed law enforcement efforts often targeting minorities and related events:

White plainclothes police officer, Daniel Pantaleo, applied what a medical examiner determined was a chokehold on an unarmed black man accused of selling loose, untaxed cigarettes on a New York City street. A videotape of the takedown of Eric Garner, who had asthma, showed him repeatedly

saying, "I can't breathe," while officers wrestled him to the ground. Garner died soon after, and a grand jury decided Wednesday not to indict Pantaleo, prompting daily protests and chants of "Black lives matter!"

walmart shooting: On Aug. 5, a white policeman responding to a call about a man waving what appeared to be a rifle in an Ohio Walmart store shot and killed John Crawford III, who was black. What Crawford was holding was an air rifle. A special grand jury decided in September the actions of Officer Sean Williams and another Beavercreek officer in the racially charged case were justified.

Aug. 9, white police officer Darren of Wilson shot and killed unarmed The black teenager Michael Brown on a street in Ferguson, Missouri.

Supporters of Brown's family say

he had his hands up in surrender, but Wilson has said that's "incorrect" and he couldn't have done anything differently in the confrontation. A grand jury decision last month not to indict Wilson sparked violent demonstrations and looting in the St. Louis suburb, and around the nation protesters have chanted, "Hands up! Don't shoot!"

a rookie New York Police Department officer walking with his gun I drawn in a darkened stairwell of a public housing complex shot and killed a black man leaving the building with his girlfriend. Police Commissioner William Bratton is said that Akai Gurley had been "a total innocent" when he was shot and that the shooting, by an Asian officer, was under investigation. The Rev. Al Sharpton planned to the deliver Gurley's eulogy Friday.

Pellet gun shooting: On Nov.

Tim Loehmann, shot and killed a e 12-year-old black boy, Tamir Rice, who had been pointing a pellet gun near a Cleveland playground. Police say Tamir was told to raise shis hands but reached into his waistband for the realistic-looking airsoft gun, which was missing its orange safety indicator. The shooting, captured on surveillance video, has prompted street protests.

Unarmed drug suspect killed:
On Tuesday, a white police officer who authorities say mistook a pill bottle for a gun shot and killed an unarmed black drug suspect during a struggle at a Phoenix apartment building. About 150 people upset about the killing of Rumain Brisbon marched to police headquarters, and police and prosecutors met with local civil rights leaders.

Fight over taillight ticket: On

ficer, Thursday, in Eutawville, South led a Carolina, a white former police Rice, chief was charged with murder ellet in the 2011 shooting death of und. an unarmed black man, Bernard raise Bailey, who had gone to Town his Hall to argue about a broken-king taillight ticket. Bailey and thensking chief Richard Combs fought, and The Combs shot Bailey twice in the veil-chest. Combs' lawyer accused treet prosecutors of taking advantage of national outrage toward police to obtain the indictment.

in Cleveland, the U.S. Department of Justice and the city reached an agreement to overhaul the police department after federal investigators found officers use excessive force far too often, causing deep mistrust, especially among blacks. The investigation was prompted by a November 2012 car chase ending in the deaths of two unarmed black people in a hail of 137 bullets.